

***FlyBy Math™* Alignment**  
**Mathematics Grade Expectations**

**Standard 7.6: Arithmetic, Number, and Operation Concepts**

**Grade Expectations**

**MHS: 7 Estimates and evaluates the reasonableness of numerical computations and solutions, including those carried out with technology.**

***FlyBy Math™* Activities**

--Predict outcomes and explain results of mathematical models and experiments.

**Standard 7.7: Geometry and Measurement Concepts**

**Grade Expectations**

**MHS: 9 Models situations geometrically to solve problems connecting to other areas of mathematics or to other disciplines (i.e., diagrams, coordinate systems, transformations).**

***FlyBy Math™* Activities**

--Use tables, bar graphs, line graphs, a Cartesian coordinate system, and equations to model aircraft conflicts and predict outcomes.

**MHS: 13 Applies concepts of similarity, congruency or right triangle trigonometry to determine length or angle measures and to solve problems involving scale.**

--Apply mathematics to solving distance, rate, and time problems for aircraft conflict scenarios.

--Use graphs to compare airspace scenarios for both the same and different starting conditions and the same and different constant (fixed) rates.

**MHS: 15 Measures and uses units of measures appropriately and consistently when solving problems across the content strands. Makes conversions within or across systems and makes decisions concerning an appropriate degree of accuracy in problem situations involving measurement. Uses measurement conversion strategies, such as unit/dimensional analysis or uses quotient measures, such as speed and density, that give per unit amounts, or uses product measures, such as person hours to solve problems.**

--Apply mathematics to solving distance, rate, and time problems for aircraft conflict scenarios.

--Calculate and measure the position and time of simulated aircraft. Represent that motion using tables, graphs, equations, and experimentation.

## Standard 7.8: Functions and Algebra Concepts

Grade Expectations	<i>FlyBy Math™</i> Activities
<p><b>MHS: 19</b> <u>Solves and models problems by <b>formulating, extending, or generalizing linear and common nonlinear functions/relations.</b></u></p> <p><u>And makes connections among representations of functions/relations (equations, tables, graphs, symbolic notation, text).</u></p>	<p>--Use tables, bar graphs, line graphs, a Cartesian coordinate system, and equations to model aircraft conflicts and predict outcomes.</p> <p>--Represent distance, speed, and time relationships for constant speed cases using tables, bar graphs, line graphs, equations, and a Cartesian coordinate system.</p>
<p><b>MHS: 20</b> <u>Demonstrates conceptual understanding of linear relationships and linear <b>and nonlinear functions</b> (including <math>f(x) = ax^2</math>, <math>f(x) = ax^3</math>, absolute value function, exponential growth) through analysis of intercepts, domain, range and constant and variable rates of change in mathematical and contextual situations.</u></p>	<p>--Represent distance, speed, and time relationships for constant speed cases using linear equations and a Cartesian coordinate system.</p> <p>--Interpret the slope of a line in the context of a distance-rate-time problem.</p> <p>--Use graphs to compare airspace scenarios for both the same and different starting conditions and the same and different constant (fixed) rates.</p>
<p><b>MHS: 21</b> <u>Demonstrates conceptual understanding of algebraic expressions by evaluating, simplifying, or writing algebraic expressions; and writes equivalent forms of algebraic expressions or formulas (<math>d = rt \rightarrow r = d/t</math> or solves a multivariable equation or formula for one variable in terms of the others).</u></p>	<p>--Use the distance-rate-time formula to predict and analyze aircraft conflicts.</p>
<p><b>MHS: 22</b> <u>Demonstrates conceptual understanding of equality by solving linear equations, systems of two linear equations, or problems using tables, graphs, algebraic manipulation, or technology.</u></p> <p><u>Demonstrates conceptual understanding of inequality by solving linear inequalities, comparing values of systems of linear functions, using tables, graphs, algebraic manipulation, or technology.</u></p>	<p>--Represent distance, speed, and time relationships for constant speed cases using linear equations and a Cartesian coordinate system.</p> <p>--Use tables, graphs, and equations to solve aircraft conflict problems.</p>

**Standard 2.5: Mathematical Dimensions,  
Standard 7.10: Mathematical Problem Solving and Reasoning - Applications**

**Grade Expectations**

**MHS: 30 Demonstrate understanding of mathematical problem solving and communication by:**

- **Approach and Reasoning**—The strategies and skills used to solve the problem, and the reasoning that supports the approach;
- **Execution**—The answer and the mathematical work that supports it;
- **Observations and Extensions**—Demonstration of observation, connections, application, extensions, and generalizations;
- **Mathematical Communication**—The use of mathematical vocabulary and representation to communicate the solution; and
- **Presentation**—Effective communication of how the problem was solved, and of the reasoning used.

***FlyBy Math™* Activities**

--Apply mathematics to solving distance, rate, and time problems for aircraft conflict scenarios.

--Explain and justify solutions regarding the motion of two airplanes using the results of plotting points on a schematic of a jet route, on a vertical line graph, and on a Cartesian coordinate system.